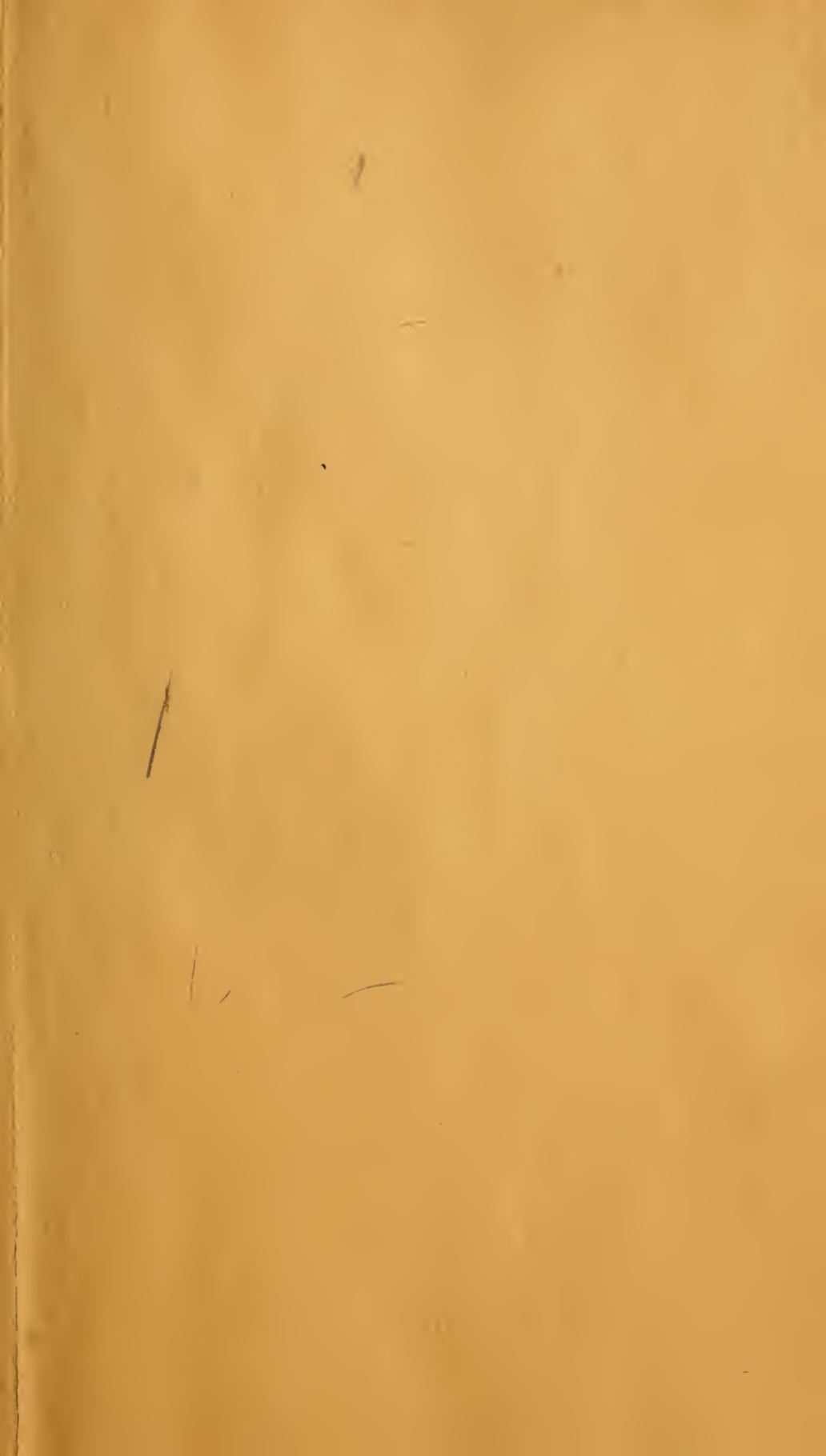




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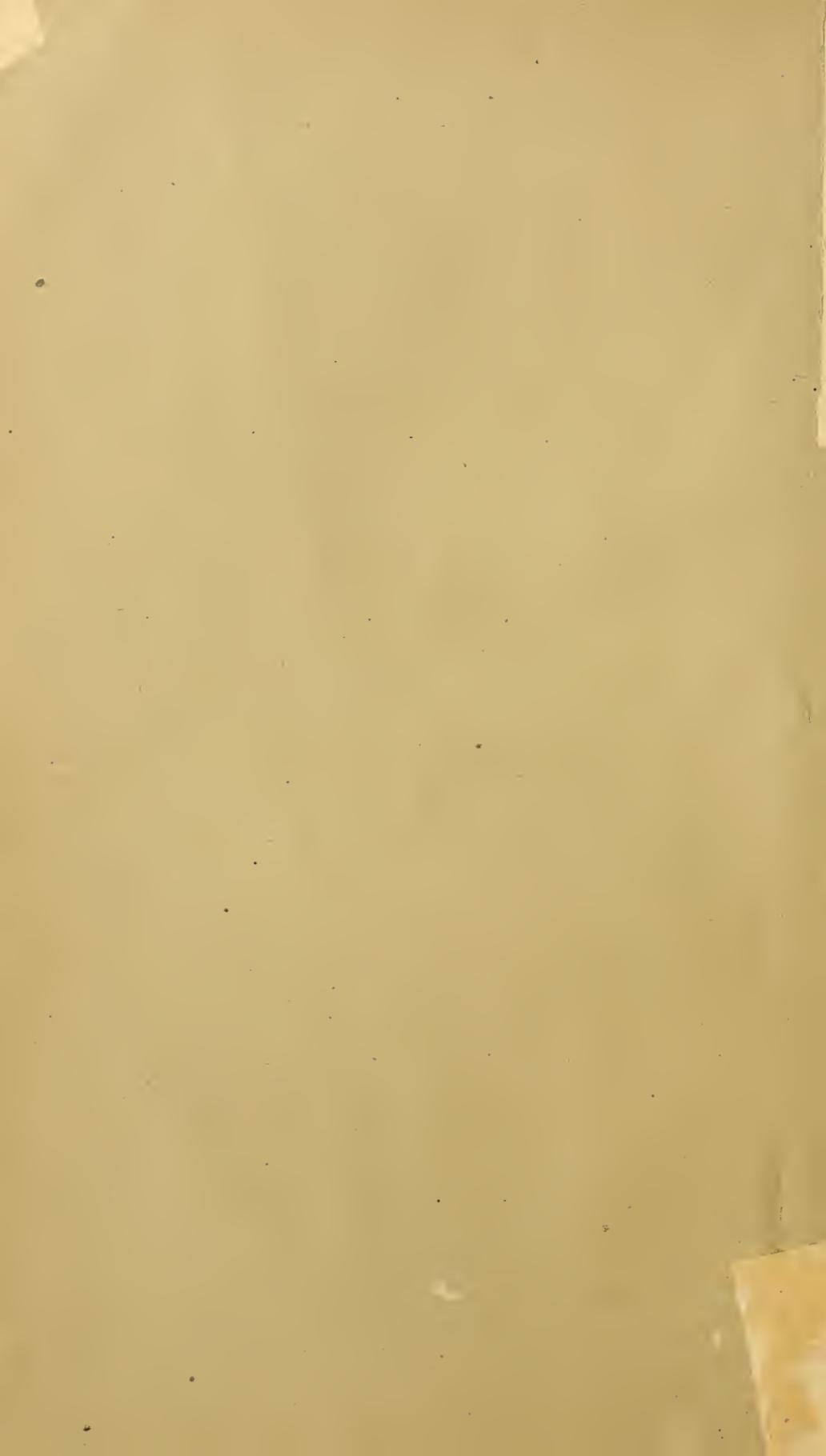
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Genealogies.

LYMAN.

DICKINSON.

PARTRIDGE.



GENEALOGIES

OF THE LYMANS

OF MIDDLEFIELD,

OF THE DICKINSONS

OF MONTREAL,

AND OF THE PARTRIDGES

OF HATFIELD.

[Dickinson, James Taylor]

BOSTON :

DAVID CLAPP & SON, PRINTERS.....334 WASHINGTON STREET.

1865.

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THIS pamphlet is printed for private circulation only. It was my intention to have brought the results of my inquiries into better form, to have made them more readable, and more convenient for reference. Want of health forbids my turning to the best account the materials in my possession. I am obliged to send my papers to the printer in such shape as requires of me least labor. The essential facts, however, are here, and are now committed to the keeping of those who may desire their preservation. I am indebted to S. D. Partridge, Esq., for the genealogy of the Partridges of Hatfield.

JAS. T. DICKINSON.

Middlefield, Conn., Sept. 9, 1865.

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GENEALOGIES.



GENEALOGY OF THE LYMANS

OF MIDDLEFIELD.

MIDDLEFIELD, CONN., April 20th, 1864.

At the request of Mr. William Lyman, my father-in-law, I have undertaken to trace the genealogy of the Middlefield branch of the Lyman family. During the last winter, Mr. and Mrs. Lyman, while reading the "Autobiography and Correspondence of Dr. Lyman Beecher," who was first cousin of Mr. Lyman, found, in the book, several genealogical errors. Their attention was thus turned to the Lyman genealogy with a view to collecting and preserving all the facts that could be recovered. They placed in my hands a bundle of old papers, mostly old deeds, about fifty in number, covering a period of 99 years, from 1709 to 1808, or three generations, which, for convenience, may be named the generations of Ebenezer⁴, John⁵ and David⁶ Lyman; and, in the female line, of Hope⁴ (Stow) Hawley, Hope⁵ (Hawley) Lyman, and Esther⁶ (Lyman) Beecher, the mother of Dr. Beecher. Among these papers is the last Will (now before me) of John⁵ Lyman, grandfather of William, bearing date April 2d, 1763, and "Proved" at the Court of Probate in Middletown, 5th Sept., 1763, in which the names of his children are mentioned, viz.:—"David, Elihu and Phineas, Catherine, Hannah and Esther," also the name of his wife, "Hope Lyman." Mr. William⁷ Lyman knows that his grandfather John⁵ came to Middlefield from Durham, and has always understood that the family came to Durham from Northampton, Mass. He remembers riding with his father David⁶ past a house on the Durham road ("Crooked Lane") a little south of the "Square's house," and that his father said he ought to have bought it when sold because it had belonged to his father's (John⁵'s) family. The house fronted south, and was on the west side of the road. Mrs. Lyman also remembers the house; it was pointed out to her by her mother-in-law, Mrs. David Lyman. The house was standing fifty years ago, and probably was not pulled down till several years later. The house of Noah⁴ Lyman, one of the uncles of John, and father of Gen. Phineas⁵ Lyman, stood on the east side of the road, as did also the house of Thomas⁴, another uncle. It thus appears that the three brothers, Thomas⁴, Ebenezer⁴ and Noah⁴, sons of Thomas³, of Northampton, all

lived near each other. Thomas³ Lyman, of Northampton, and afterwards of Durham, born probably about 1649, married in 1678, according to Savage, Ruth, widow of Joseph Baker and daughter of William Holten. He had four sons and two daughters, viz. :—Thomas, Mindwell, Ebenezer, Elizabeth, Noah and Enoch; was made freeman 1690; and removed, says Savage, to Durham. It seems that three of his sons, Thomas, Ebenezer and Noah, came with him, as their names appear repeatedly on the Durham Records. His daughter Mindwell also came to Durham, for, in Vol. II. of *Historical and Genealogical Register*, page 221, also Vol. XIV., p. 66, I find the name of "Mindwell Lyman, of Durham," as second wife of John Harris, of Middletown; she died Feb. 6, 1758.

But *when* did the removal of the family from Northampton to Durham occur? It must have been after 1708 and before 1715; for, in 1708, when Durham was incorporated, the number of adult males was 34, all of whose names are mentioned in the Records, but among them the name of Lyman does not appear; and in 1715 is the first mention I can find in the Records of this name, in which year the names of Thomas Lyman, Sr. and Thomas Lyman, Jr. are found together in the same Deed. The name of Ebenezer Lyman appears in Deeds in 1728, 1731, 1736, 1741, and, for the last time, it occurs in a Deed belonging to William Lyman, where he signs the acknowledgment as Justice of the Peace. In one of the above deeds he sells, for one thousand pounds, land, "mansion house," &c. (probably his homestead), and as his name ceases to appear in the Records, he probably went, about 1741, to live in Torrington, his son Ebenezer having preceded him. In *Barber's Historical Collections of Connecticut*, under the head of Torrington, page 496, I find the following:—

"The first settler that moved into the township was Ebenezer Lyman, from Durham, with a young family, consisting of three persons only; this was in 1737. Several young men had, however, labored in the township the summer previous. Jonathan Coe was the second person who moved into the place; he also was from Durham. The principal settlers were from Windsor and Durham. The settlement of this town was slow. When the first minister, the Rev. Nathaniel Roberts, was ordained, in the summer of 1741, there were but fourteen families in the town. As this was considered a frontier settlement at this time, a fortification was erected not far from the centre of the town. It was incorporated in 1741."

Who was this Ebenezer Lyman, first settler of Torrington? Was he the Ebenezer⁴ who was born in Northampton and came with his father Thomas³, his brothers Thomas⁴ and Noah⁴, and his sister Mindwell⁴, to Durham, between 1708 and 1715? No, but an Ebenezer⁵, Jr., son of the other Ebenezer; for he had "a young family, consisting of three persons only." The senior Ebenezer, of the fourth generation, was, at this time, over fifty, too old to be a suitable man to be the first settler of a frontier township.

John⁵ Lyman died in the year 1763, between April 2d and Sept. 5th, for he signed the Will April 2d, and the same is *proved* in the Middletown Court of Probate Sept. 5th, 1763, when "John Lyman, late of Middletown" is spoken of as "deceased." His age was forty-six; for, his son David⁶ told William⁷ that he (David) "was sixteen years old when his father died, and that he thought him an old man though only forty-six." John⁵ was, therefore, born about 1717.

Who was the father of John⁵? The solution of this question has cost me a great deal of labor, more than any other genealogical point I have attempted to investigate. The evidence, accumulating little by little, is at length satisfactory, though it does not amount to documentary proof. To go into all the details of evidence would be tiresome, and might be less convincing to others than it is to me. I will, however, advert to the leading points of proof. It appears from *Savage's Genealogical Dictionary*, Vol. III., pages 134 and 5, that *all* the New England Lymans of the first three generations, and all those of the fourth generation of whom he makes any mention, were descended from Richard¹ Lyman, who came from High Ongar, England, in the ship *Lion*, 1631, and settled first in Roxbury and afterwards in Hartford, where he died in 1640; that, afterwards, Northampton became the chief seat of the Lymans; and, lastly, that Thomas, of the third generation, removed to Durham. Though Savage gives this Thomas six children and mentions their names, he does not say whether they came to Durham. From the Durham Records and other authorities, we know that Thomas⁴, Ebenezer⁴ and Noah⁴, with one daughter,⁴ Mindwell⁴, did come. Of the fourth son, Enoch⁴, I can find no mention in the Durham Records, or any other authority except this single statement of Savage. There is not a particle of evidence that he ever came to Durham, or that he was even living when his father and brothers came.

Now on comparing Savage with the records and tomb-stones of Durham and all other authorities, and with what is certainly known of the origin, age, &c. of John⁵ Lyman, it is plain that John⁵ was the grandson of Thomas³ and the son of Thomas⁴, or of Ebenezer⁴, or of Noah⁴. So far all is clear; but now commences the difficulty: which one of the three was the father of John⁵? If Noah⁴ had been his father, then John would have been the brother of Gen. Phineas, who is known to have been the son of Noah; and Gen. Phineas would have been the uncle of David⁶ and great-uncle of William⁷. So near a relationship to that distinguished man could hardly have failed to leave some trace or tradition in the family. There is no such tradition, and I turn to some other hypothesis. Was Thomas⁴ the father of John⁵? This supposition is still less tenable, indeed it can be shown to be quite impossible. For, Thomas⁶, a son of Thomas⁵, and a contemporary and friend of David⁶ (they were both born in 1746) was, as Mr. William Lyman well remembers, the *second* cousin of David; consequently, John⁵ was the first cousin of Thomas⁵, and the nephew, not the son, of Thomas⁴. I have repeatedly questioned and cross-questioned Mr. William Lyman on this point, but have never been able to raise a suspicion in his mind or mine that David⁶ and Thomas⁵ may have been nearer than *second* cousins. The lineage of the Durham Lymans, as learned from records and tomb-stones, leads to the same conclusion. It is as follows:—Thomas⁴, born about 1679; Thomas⁵, b. 1714, d. 1761; Thomas⁶, b. 1746, d. 1832; Henry⁷, b. 1782, d. 1852.

There remains but one other possible hypothesis, viz., that Ebenezer⁴ was the father of John⁵, as also of Ebenezer⁵, the first settler of Torrington. Here comes in another confirmatory fact which makes this hypothesis as strong as any hypothesis can be which depends on circumstantial, instead of direct documentary, evidence. William

Lyman remembers distinctly that, when he was young, Ebenezer Lyman and Caleb Lyman of Torrington came several times—once with their wives, to visit his father, David, and that they were *first* cousins of his father; also, that they were nearer than the Durham cousin Thomas. These two first cousins of David, were doubtless sons of Ebenezer⁵ the first settler of Torrington, and grandsons of the Ebenezer of the fourth generation, who came from Northampton to Durham, and who afterwards left Durham and went, probably, to join his son in Torrington; from all which, it is sufficiently clear that John⁶ Lyman was the son of Ebenezer⁴, and younger brother of Ebenezer⁵ the first settler of Torrington; I call him the younger brother, because he was only twenty years old when Ebenezer, with his young family, removed to Torrington.

MARCH 3d, 1865.

Though all reasonable doubt had been removed from my mind by the considerations stated above, under date of April 20th, 1864, still I desired further evidence. This evidence was probably to be had by examining the records and tomb-stones of Torrington. Accordingly it was arranged between my brother-in-law, David Lyman, and myself, that we were to visit Torrington together. But first, knowing that a distinguished antiquary and genealogist, D. Williams Patterson, of West Winsted, Ct., was living near Torrington, I made bold to send to him a letter of inquiry respecting the family of Ebenezer⁴ Lyman. I received immediately from Mr. Patterson, under date of July 12, 1864, a highly satisfactory reply, as will be seen by the following extract:

“ In 1852 was published a *Historical Notice of the Congregational Church in Torrington, &c.*, containing a catalogue of the members. This was not very accurate, but a few years ago I had occasion to examine critically the Torrington Church records, and I took occasion to compare and correct the catalogue, &c. by the original; so I now feel a good degree of confidence in my copy of the work. Page 16 begins as follows:—

“ *Members.* The following were admitted at the organization of the Church, Oct. 21, 1741:

Ebenezer Lyman, Esq., Deacon,
Mrs. Experience Lyman,
Ebenezer Lyman, Jr.,
Mrs. Sarah Lyman,

and twelve other names. I see that I have made a MS. note that Ebenezer Lyman, Esq. was chosen Deacon Jan. 1, 1741-2, as adding to the printed statement that he was ‘chosen 1742.’ The pamphlet says he died in 1762, aged 80, which carries the date of his birth back to 1682.”

These names and dates furnish all the evidence I could desire, and more than I expected to find; they establish the correctness of my hypothesis in every particular.

The lineage of the Middlefield Lymans is now completely demonstrated, and is as follows:—

First Generation. Richard¹ Lyman, of Roxbury and Hartford, came from High Ongar, England, County of Essex, on the small river Roding, which flows southerly into the Thames about 5 miles east of London. High Ongar is on the east bank, some 25 miles north-east of London. He was born there in 1580 doubtless, for he was there baptized

Oct. 30, 1580. He arrived in Boston Nov. 4, 1631, in the ship *Lyon*, William Pierce, master. "There came in her the Governor's wife, [John Winthrop's], his eldest son and his wife, and others of his children, and Mr. Eliot, a minister [apostle to the Indians], and other families, being in all about sixty persons, who all arrived in good health, having been ten weeks at sea, and lost none of their company but two children, whereof one was the governor's daughter Ann." (Winthrop's Journal, I. *64.) He brought with him five children, who, according to the church record, were as follows:—*Phillis*, baptized 12 Sept., 1611, at High Ongar; *Richard*, baptized 24 Feb., 1618; *Sarah*, baptized 8 Feb., 1621; *John*, born Sept., 1623; and "another," now known, says Savage, to be *Robert*, born Sept., 1629; "and it goes on to tell how he went to Connecticut when the great removal was made," and suffered greatly in the loss of his cattle; was made free-man 11 June, 1633, and was "among the original proprietors of Hartford." I find his name in Barber, in a list of those who were proprietors in 1639. He died in Hartford in 1640. In Trumbull's *Colonial Records of Connecticut*, Vol. i. 33, I find the following:—

"Sept. the 5th, 1639. Jno. Haynes Esq. Gov. Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Wells, Mr. Phelps, Mr. Webster.

"Richard Lyman complaineth against Sequassen for burning upp his hedge which, before Mr. Governor, formerly he promised to satisfy for, but yett hath not done it. Sequassen appeared and promised to pay within 4 dayes, or else an attachment to be granted."

In the same volume, page 81, is the following:—

"The will and Inventory of Richard Lyman deceased, is brought into the court. John Moody maks Oath that yt is the last will of the said Rich: and also the noate then brought in is the note of the Widdow Lyman deceased. The severall partyes present at the presenting the said will, agree that John Lyman, if he live, will be 22 yere ould in Septe. 1645, Robert Lyman 22 in Septe. 1651."

In the same volume of Col. Records, at page 442, and following, is the will of Richard¹ Lyman, in which he makes provision for his wife and the five children mentioned above, viz.: Richard; John; Robert; Sarah; and Fillis the wife of Wm. Hills. The Inventory of household goods follows the will.

Second Generation. Richard² Lyman, of Windsor and Northampton, eldest son of Richard¹, born in England and baptized 1618, as above, married Hepzibah, third daughter of Thomas Ford, of Dorchester (who came over in the "Mary and John," 1630, bringing his wife and three daughters; he removed, 1636, to Windsor, where he was representative 1638-41, 4, and 54; his wife died 1643, and 1644 he married a second wife, Ann, widow of Thomas Scott; removed, in old age, to Northampton, and died Nov. 9, 1676). Richard² Lyman had in Windsor six children, viz.:—Hepzibah, Sarah, Richard, Thomas³, Elizabeth and John, all born before 1655, when he removed to Northampton, among the early settlers, and there had two other children, daughters—Joanna, 1658, who died soon, and Hannah, 1660. He died June 3, 1662, in the 45th year of his age. His two brothers John² and Robert² also lived in Northampton, which thus became the head-quarters of all the Lymans.

Third Generation. Thomas³ Lyman, of Northampton and Durham, born in Windsor probably about 1649, married in 1678, date of death not ascertained. Children, Thomas⁴, Mindwell⁴, Ebenezer⁴, Elizabeth⁴,

*Noah*⁴, and *Enoch*⁴. All that need be said concerning *Thomas*³ has been said on a previous page.

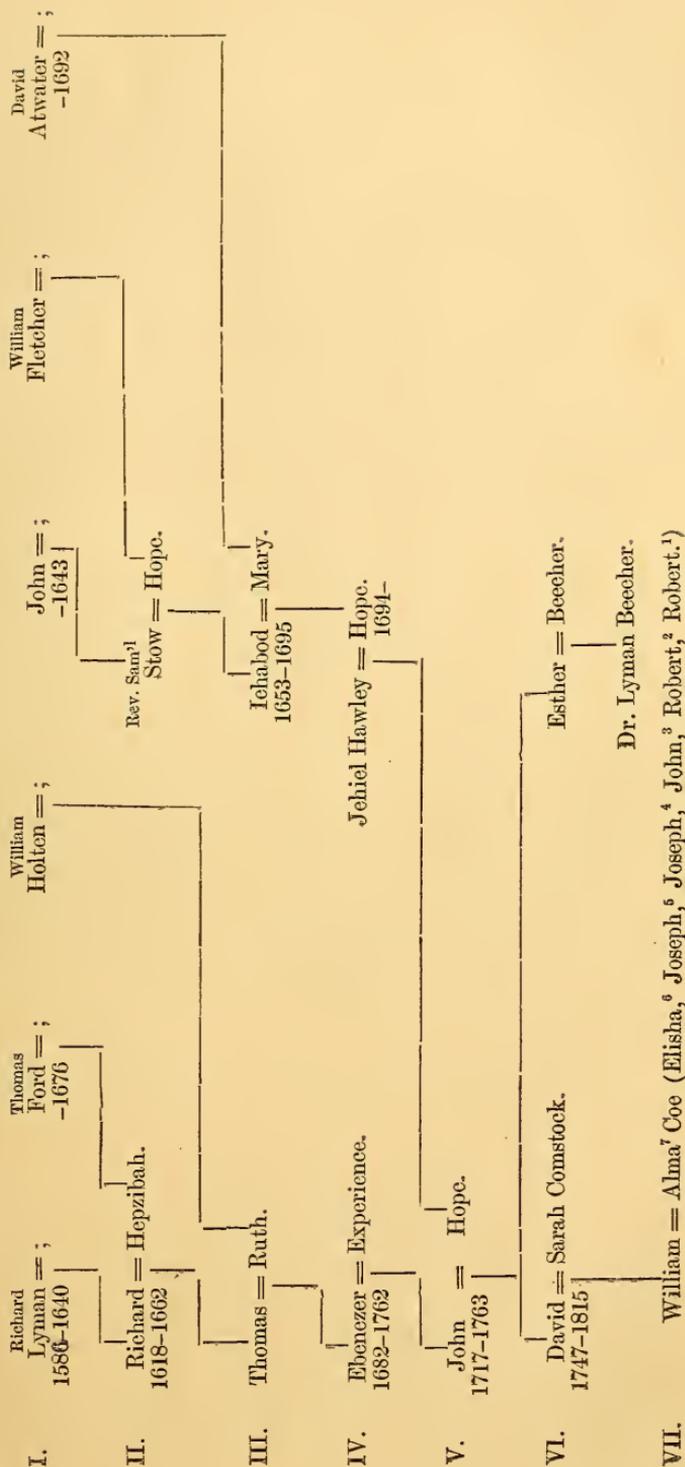
Fourth Generation. Ebenezer⁴ Lyman, of Northampton, Durham, and Torrington. Born 1682, died 1762. For other particulars see a previous page.

Fifth Generation. John⁵ Lyman, of Durham and Middlefield. Born 1717, died 1763. Married Hope Hawley, great-granddaughter of Rev. Samuel Stow, first minister of Middletown, also great-granddaughter of David Atwater, one of the founders of New Haven. He had six children, David, Elihu and Phineas; Catharine, Hannah and Esther.

Sixth Generation. David⁶ Lyman, of Middlefield, born 1742, died 1815, married Sarah Comstock, of Norwalk, May 26th, 1777. Had ten children, viz., Polly, Phineas, David, William, Esther, Alanson, Sally, Urania, Andrew, Elihu.

1. *Polly*⁷, b. May 3, 1778, d. March, 1852; m. 27 Feb., 1803, Aaron Robinson, of Bennington, Vt. Children, Phineas Lyman, Sally Hopkins, William, Catharine, Charles, Esther M., Semanthe, Moses.
2. *Phineas*⁷, b. 25 Oct., 1779, d. unm. 1799.
3. *David*⁷, b. 30 Sept., 1781, d. 1811; married, April, 1803, Sophia Park. Children, Alanson, Sophia.
4. *William*⁷, 21 Aug., 1783; m. 20 Oct., 1807, Alina Coe. Children, Phineas, b. 15 Oct., 1808, d. 13 Feb., 1826; Adeline, b. 9 Feb., 1810, d. 6 Aug., 1826; Elizabeth, b. 9 Sept., 1812, d. 10 July, 1851, m. Rev. Charles L. Mills, 5 Sept., 1837—(children, Lyman⁸ Allen, b. 25 Feb., 1841; Catharine⁸ Elizabeth, b. 4 June, 1844); David⁸, b. 19 Oct., 1820; Sarah⁸, b. 8 Feb., 1823, m. May 15, 1845, James T. Dickinson; Elihu⁸ E., b. 2 March, 1825, d. 2 April, 1848; Adeline⁸ Urania, b. 17 May, 1828, d. 5 July, 1849.
5. *Esther*⁷, b. 31 July, 1785, m. Reuben Brush, Sept. 11, 1808, d. 1816. Children, Henry⁸, Catharine⁸, Charles⁸, who died in Leghorn, Italy.
6. *Alanson*⁷, b. 3 Nov., 1787, m. 20 Nov., 1810, Sina Coe, had Roswell⁸ D., b. 6 Jan., 1814, unm., lives in Ottawa, Ill.; m. 2d, Lavinia Bartholomew, had Henry⁸, 1818, lives in Scotland, Canada West; Sina⁸ C., b. 1820, who married Franklin Gould, and has 4 children, Louisa, Edward, Elizabeth and Nelly, lives in Bradford, C. W.; Charles⁸ C., b. 1824, d. 1836.
7. *Sally*⁷, b. 27 Oct., 1789, m. 20 Jan., 1818, Abner Miller. Children, Jennette⁸, Sarah⁸ C., Helen⁸, Urania⁸, Giles, Esther⁸, Mary⁸.
8. *Urania*⁷, b. 21 Jan., 1792, m. May, 1818, David Buttolph. Children, David⁸, Jane⁸.
9. Andrew⁷, b. 31 Dec., 1794, m. 4 Jan., 1816, Ann Hall. Children, William⁸, who lives in Meriden, Ct.
10. Elihu⁷, b. 2 March, 1797, d. 2 March, 1825.
David⁸ Lyman, son of William⁷, married, 30 Jan., 1849, Catharine Elizabeth Hart. Children, Mary Elizabeth, b. 2 Dec., 1850; Harriet Augusta, b. 9 Sept., 1852; William, b. 3 May, 1854; Henry, b. 3 March, 1856; Charles Elihu, b. 3 Nov., 1857; John, b. Sept. 1, 1860; James, b. Sept. 1, 1862; Adeline, b. Sept. 24, 1864.

PEDIGREE OF WILLIAM LYMAN.



Nothing is known of the wife of Richard¹ Lyman except her name, Sarah.

The wife of Richard² was Hepzibah Ford, daughter of Thomas Ford, who came in the Mary and John, 1630; lived first in Dorchester and afterwards in Windsor, where he was representative, and died 9 Nov., 1676. The wife of Thomas³ was Ruth Holten, daughter of Wm. Holten, one of the original proprietors of Hartford, came in the Francis, 1634, aged 23. He removed to Northampton, where he was the first deacon, also representative, and died 12 Aug., 1691.

Concerning the wife of Ebenezer⁴ we know nothing except her name, Experience, and that she was one of the original members of the Congregational Church in Torrington.

The wife of John⁵ was Hope Hawley, daughter of Jehiel Hawley and Hope, daughter of Ichabod Stow and Mary Atwater, daughter of David Atwater, of New Haven. That Hope (Stow) Hawley was daughter of Ichabod Stow, is proved by a deed in possession of William Lyman (now lying before me), by which Jehiel Hawley and Hope his wife, of Durham, under date of 10th Nov., 1709, recorded in Middletown, Dec. 21, 1709, by Joseph Rockwell, convey to Joseph Hawley, of Farmington, 248 acres of land in Middletown, described as "*being outlands which was formerly our Honoured Father's, Ichabod Stow's,*" for £200. This land was near, and perhaps included, "the ravine," celebrated for the fossil fish found there. Hope (Stow) Hawley, who was born Oct. 31, 1694, was still living in 1760, as is proved by a deed of that date, conveying land to her son Samuel Stow Hawley, who, it is well remembered by persons now living, was brother of Hope (Hawley) Lyman, wife of John⁵.

The Hawleys owned a large tract of land on the eastern side of the East street, extending from Durham line northward, a mile or more, inherited probably through Hope (Stow) Hawley from Rev. Samuel Stow, her grandfather, first minister in Middletown, a man of large property for those times. The Hawley house, which stood nearly on the spot of the present house of Benjamin Coe, and of which some of the garret floor boards now form the floor of Benjamin Miller's kitchen, was built probably by Jehiel Hawley. William⁷ Lyman lived in it from 1808 to 1816.

The lineage of Sarah Comstock, wife of David⁶ Lyman, I have not been able to trace.

For the Stow genealogy, see Savage. For the genealogy of Alma (Coe) Lyman, see "The Coe Genealogy."

THE LYMAN FARM.

This has now been in possession of the family for four generations, a hundred and twenty-four years. It was purchased (in part) in March and April, 1741, by John Lyman, then 24 years old, of Ephraim Coe, of Middlefield, afterwards of Durham, who in the deed describes one of the three pieces of land as lying east of the road, containing $17\frac{1}{2}$ acres (now called "the east meadow"), and says he "lately bought it of Benjamin Miller." This Ephraim Coe, as appears from the Coe genealogy, was born 1698, and died 1765, in Durham; he married Hannah Miller, perhaps a daughter of Benjamin Miller, the

Governor so called. It is probable that Coe purchased that part of the farm lying west of the road of Samuel Wetmore, who was one of the three original settlers of Middlefield, Benjamin Miller and Samuel Allen being the other two. The settlement was commenced about 1700. Benjamin Miller lived about half a mile east of Cyrus Birdsey's house, not far from his eastern boundary. Samuel Wetmore probably lived southeast of the John Birdsey house.

It is impossible to determine who was the builder of the first Lyman house, "the mansion house and barn," as described in the deed of 27th of March, 1741. It was a "linter-house," stood 8 or 10 rods southeast of the present house, fronted east though on the east side of the *present* road, the old road having been a few rods east of the present road. This change in the road is referred to in the deed, and was made probably not long before John Lyman made the purchase. In this house David Lyman, son of John, and William, grandson of John, were born in 1747 and 1783, though the latter has no recollection of the old house, it having been pulled down a year or two after his birth. Mr. W. L. thinks that the floor boards of the garret in the house of 1784-5 were taken from the old house; he remembers the old well. As the first house was probably 60 or 70 years old, it must have been built between 1710 and 1725. The third house, that is, David Lyman's new house, built in 1863, stands on the spot where the second stood, but is considerably larger, though the old house was very large for its day. The second house, that is, the main part of it, after a tedious and rather expensive removal, stands a third of a mile northwest, nearly on the spot where stood the house of the first John Birdsey, great-grandfather of Cyrus.

The Durham road in those early days was a good deal south of the present road. It left the "twelve rod road," that is, the north and south road, near the northern boundary of Cyrus Birdsey's land and the southern boundary of the Lyman land, as is proved by the fact that the deed of March, 1741, gives the southern boundary of one of the pieces of land thus: "South partly on said Miller's land and partly on said old Highway;" and by the further fact that Mr. W. Lyman remembers an old causeway in the muck hole, just south of his boundary, and within the boundary of Cyrus Birdsey. The road crossed the river probably near where the new road to Durham is to cross. Hiram Miller states that it went near the door (south) of Benjamin Miller's house and entered the Durham road ("Crooked Lane") near an old barn north of the Squares house, and says he remembers a place near said barn where there was a trace of a road, but it is now ploughed up. Benjamin Miller, brother of Hiram, also has recollections and traditions pointing to this old road. It was more crooked than the newly projected road, as it was made to accommodate the travel from house to house, particularly Benjamin Miller's house, which stood about half way between John Lyman's house and the ending of the road on "Crooked Lane."

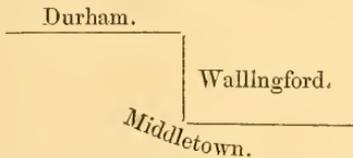
The twelve rod road, spoken of, was the main road laid out north and south through the centre of Middlefield. It came down the great hill north of the Congregational church, and passed in a straight line through the swamp to the Lyman house, but was never travelled through this mile of swamp, the houses and the travelled road keeping on the high grounds *around* the swamp, on the west.

This broad and straight road was the boundary of farms in the early deeds, and became the *actual* road where the swamp did not forbid. The farms on the west side of it extended, in narrow strips, back to the mountain, on the Wallingford line. On the east side of it the farms also extended, in narrow strips, between this road and the east road, nearly a mile distant. Benjamin Miller (the Governor) owned a large tract between these two roads, extending southward to the Durham line. His son David, grandfather of Benjamin and Hiram, built the house now occupied by Hiram; his brother Amos lived down the hill, south of the present Amos Miller; his half brother Benjamin, Jr., the eldest son of the Governor, lived on the Corbin farm, and was the father of Squire Isaac Miller and grandfather of Mrs. Thomas. Isaac Miller built the Corbin house in 1787, but lived previously in the Skinner house, then standing near the Corbin house, but moved afterwards to the spot it now occupies.

There is a deed from Benjamin Wetmore to John Lyman, dated May 27th, 1742, conveying two pieces of land of four acres each, the first "bounded Easterly on Amos Miller's Land, Westerly on a highway, Northerly on land of my honrd father Sam^l Wetmore, and Southerly on land of Benjamin Miller, Jr., and one other piece of land in the same range of lots, being part of my home-lot containing four acres, and is bounded easterly on land of Samuel Wetmore, Jr., westerly on a highway, northerly on Joseph Wetmore's land, and southerly on the remainder of my homelot." Both of these lots are "in the southern range of lots," and the consideration for the 8 acres £55 current money. On examination I find that a few rods east and south of the south barn of John Birdsey (on the eastern side of the road) there are four very old apple trees still standing and one recently cut down. By counting the layers or annual growths (so far as possible) in this last mentioned tree, I make the age to be from 100 to 125 years. Without doubt there was once an old orchard there, and it is probable that it formed a part of the old home-lot of the Wetmores. I can find no trace or tradition of any old cellar or stonework; it is probable, therefore, the house was only a log-cabin, and that it was not replaced by a "framed house." Careful consideration of the deeds, the land, the boundaries, the divisions, &c. brings me to the conclusion that the Wetmores were selling out when John Lyman bought these two lots of 4 acres each, and that ere long they left this neighborhood. When, a few years later, John Birdsey bought out Moses Parsons and Moses Parsons, Jr., he probably bought these two lots of John Lyman or exchanged with him. In 1763, Moses Parsons was the owner of the land on the south of the Lyman farm. But in 1769 and onward, John Birdsey had become the owner, so that the Birdsey farm has been in possession of that family nearly a hundred years or three generations, while the Lyman farm has been four generations in the family and 124 years. The Birdseys have since extended their boundaries on the south and east, the Lymans on the north.

In the southwest part of Middlefield is an excellent spring called "Crank Spring," famous for pic-nics. A question has arisen as to the origin of the name. It is explained by a deed to David⁶ Lyman, dated June 10th, 1789, from his mother Hope Fowler (before her second marriage Hope Lyman, and before her first Hope Hawley), and her (second) husband Daniel Fowler. The following description

of land is quoted *verbatim* from this deed : " A certain piece of land lying in the southwest corner of Middletown called the Crank, which was laid out to John Hall, and is bounded west on Wallingford line, south partly on Wallingford and partly on Durham line, east on land that was formerly Moses Parsons's, and north partly on David Birdsey and partly on Thomas and Abel Lyman's land." The consideration for this land is "love and good will to our son David." This lot received its name of Crank from the shape of the lot on the southwestern side, which is that of a crank—thus :



The three towns of Wallingford, Durham and Middletown here come together. The spring is in the valley at the eastern base of the mountain, half or three fourths of a mile from the top.

March 20, 1756. John Lyman bought of Eliakim Stow and wife 2 acres and 3 roods, afterwards known as the "Stow Bit," for £284 "old tenor bills" (poor stuff, doubtless), bounded North by David Miller (son of Benj. the Governor), east by Amos Miller (another son of Benj.), west by John Lyman, south by the said Stow and wife (the wife being daughter of Benjamin and sister of David and Amos).

April 11, 1748. Ephraim Coe, of Durham, sold to John Lyman for £40 current money, $2\frac{1}{2}$ acres, directly west of John Lyman's farm, and bounded west by said E. Coe. This deed is witnessed, and acknowledged before Ebenezer Lyman, J. P., father of J. L., then on a visit probably to J. L. from Torrington.

October 3, 1769. David^s Lyman buys from Hannah Spencer (perhaps sister of Hope Lyman) 31 acres, being the western part of the Lyman farm, now bought back by David, it having been sold or set off as a portion to some of the heirs. D. L. is now 22 years old.

September 12, 1771. D. L. buys for £70 of Timothy and Lot Benton 10 acres, being the north part of the "east meadow," which was probably Mrs. Lot Benton's portion. David Miller on the east.

February 18, 1779. Hope Lyman deeds to D. L. 12 acres of the east meadow, with house and barn, and 8 acres, the "home-lot," for £1000, in all 20 acres. She was soon to marry Daniel Fowler, of North Guilford. When the match was first talked of, she said, how will David know when to go to mill, if I go off? But she went. In the Autobiography and Correspondence of Dr. Lyman Beecher (Vol. i. p. 21), Hope is said to have married "Priest" Fowler. This is a mistake, and is one of several mistakes in the Lyman genealogy given in that book. Giving to the family a Scotch descent is another and graver mistake. The Lymans are of purely English origin. Dr. Beecher makes Hope the daughter of Rev. Mr. Stow, of Middletown; she was his great-granddaughter.



GENEALOGY OF THE DICKINSONS

OF MONTREAL.

HORACE DICKINSON, of Montreal, was born in Hatfield, Mass., Nov. 17, 1780, removed to Lowville, Lewis Co., N. Y., about 1805; thence to Russell, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., 1808; thence to Prescott, Canada, 1816; thence to Montreal, 1818, where he died June 20, 1832, of cholera. He was twice married: first in Westfield, Mass., Dec. 27, 1804, to Mary Ann Taylor; second, to Mercy Amelia Bigelow, May 12, 1823. He had eight children, three by his first wife, five by his second, viz. :—

James Taylor, b. Lowville, Lewis Co., N. Y., Oct. 27, 1806, Y. C. 1826, lived in Norwich, Conn., 1832–34, in Singapore, East Indies, 1836–44, and since 1845 has lived in Middlefield, Conn. Twice married: first, to Mary Hickok, of Burlington, Vt., Nov. 21, 1832, who died in Norwich, April 6, 1834, aged 19; second, to Sarah Lyman, dau. of William Lyman, of Middlefield, May 15, 1845.

Mary Ann Moseley, b. in Russell, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Nov. 7, 1808; married Rev. George W. Perkins, 1831; died June 23, 1851, at Meriden, Conn., leaving three children, two daughters and a young son who soon died; the daughters are Frances Ward, born Oct. 12, 1839, and Anna Pitkin, born Sept. 9, 1847.

Dimmis Ward, b. in Russell, Jan. 28, 1811; married Lebbeus B. Ward; died in Montreal June 24, 1837.

The children of the second marriage were: *Horace*, b. June 27, 1824, in Montreal, now living in Mamaroneck, N. Y., and doing business in the city, married Jeannette Latou, children Robert and another; *Edward Sumner*, b. in Montreal, Sept. 20, 1825, married Isabella H. Keene, in N. Orleans, Oct. 26, 1850, now living in N. York, children Fanny and Horace; *Sarah S.*, b. July 29, 1827, d. March 11, 1839; *Charles Perkins*, b. in Montreal, March 8, 1829, now living in N. York; *Ellen Maria*, b. in Montreal, Dec. 31, 1830, married William Edwards Doubleday, Oct. 1, 1850, children William, Charles, Harry, Frank.

So far concerning the eighth and seventh generations, and the sixth in part. I now turn to the preceding generations, first giving the authorities on which my conclusions are built.

For the Dickinsons, the following: Two grave-stones in the burying ground of Hatfield, Mass., with the following inscriptions, copied by me July 27, 1861.

JOHN DICKINSON,
Died Dec. 22, 1761,
aged 96 years.

In memory of
Col. JOHN DICKINSON,
who died Feb. 1799,
in the 92d year of his age.

These two grave-stones are near the centre of the burying ground. Savage's Genealogical Dictionary. History of Hadley, by Judd and Boltwood. Goodwin's Genealogical Notes, and Foote Family. Manuscript letters of my cousin, Samuel D. Partridge, Esq., who is an accurate genealogist, and who lived in Hatfield till he was forty years old, and was familiar with the records and traditions of the town.

The authorities for the Littles are: Extracts from the Records (town and church) of Colchester, Conn., obtained from Dr. Frederic Morgan, who is preparing a history of Colchester. Inscriptions on grave-stones in Colchester burying-ground, copied by Rev. L. Curtis, who states that "the grave of Mr. Little is between the graves of his two wives," as below—

In memory of Mrs.
ELIZABETH ye vertuous
consort of ye Revd
Mr. EPHRAIM LITTLE,
of Colchester, who
Departed this Life
Nov, ye 13th 1754, in
ye 40th year of her age.
So pious, prudent, pati-
ent and kind, Perhaps
her Equall may'nt
be left behind.

Sacred to the memory
of the Revd
EPHRAIM LITTLE,
Pastor of the 1st Church
of Christ in Colchester,
who died June 5, 1787,
in the 80th year
of his age, and 55th
of his Ministry.

Sacred to the
memory of Mrs.
ABIGAIL LITTLE,
the virtuous
consort of the
Rev. Ephraim Little,
who died June
ye 24th 1786, in ye
69th year of her
age.

In Miss Thomas's *Memorials of Marshfield*, 85 and 86, in Deane's *History of Scituate*, 306, in Savage, and in Genealogical Register, II. 288 and 285, VI. 349, VII. 236, may be found abundant materials for establishing the genealogy of the Littles. There is an error in Deane. He says, that Ephraim, son of David, was "minister of Hebron, Conn.;" he should have said *Colchester*.

For the Woodbridges, consult Miss E. F. Jones in Gen. Register, VI. 281, Savage, and Chase's *History of Haverhill*, 48, *note*. There is in Savage a grave error, which should be here noticed. He attempts to correct Miss Jones, and to show that the Rev. Samuel Woodbridge, of East Hartford (father of Mrs. Little, of Colchester), was son, not of Rev. Benjamin, as Miss Jones states, but of Rev. Timothy, a brother of Benjamin. The strongest argument, in fact the only argument used by Savage against Miss Jones is, that Mary Ward, wife of Rev. Benjamin, died in 1680, three years before Samuel was born; this he calls "a suspicious point," and it certainly would be if this date were correct. But it is not, for in the *History of Haverhill* by Chase, who had before him the original records, it appears that Mary Ward, daughter of Rev. John Ward, and granddaughter of Rev. Nathaniel Ward, "died Oct. 11, 1685," two years *after* the birth of Samuel. Chancellor Walworth also, in his *Hyde Family*, Vol. II. page 1172, speaking of Mabel Russell, daughter of Mehitable Wyllys and Rev. Daniel Russell, has the following: "After the death of her first husband, Mabel (Russell) Hubbard m. 9 Dec., 1707, Rev. Samuel Wood-

bridge, b. 1683, son of Rev. Benjamin Woodbridge, of Medford, and Mary Ward, his wife." Besides, if Samuel had been the son of his uncle Timothy as Savage makes him, he would in consequence have been the husband of his half-sister; for as Mehitable Wyllys, mother of Samuel's wife Mabel, married, for her third husband, Timothy Woodbridge, and had (according to Savage) the said Samuel among her children, she would thus be the own mother both of Samuel and his wife—a monstrous conclusion, to be at once rejected. I take the more pains to correct this error of Mr. Savage, one of our very highest genealogical authorities, and to neutralize, so far as I can, his damaging criticisms of Miss Jones, because Miss J. is no longer living to speak for herself. Goodwin—a high authority—speaks of her in his *Notes* as "a well-read antiquarian and genealogist." She wrote the *History of Stockbridge*.

Ample authority for the remaining allied families, not yet spoken of, viz. : Dudley, Ward, Russell, Wyllys, Haynes and Harlakenden, also Warren and Coleman, may be found in Savage, Miss Jones, Walworth, Gen. Register, Mather's *Magnalia*, Young's *Chronicles of Mass.*, 516 and 17, Dudley *Genealogies* by Dean Dudley, 19, 133, 139. The descent of Mabel Harlakenden from the kings of England is given in Walworth's *Hyde Family*, II. 1161, also in a lithographed chart, ingeniously condensed, by Rev. Henry Jones, of Bridgeport, Ct. Eight or ten manuscript letters of the late Nathaniel Chauncey, Esq., of Philadelphia, to Rev. Henry Jones, suggested to Mr. J. the idea, and furnished, in part, the authority for his interesting and instructive chart. Copies of the more important portions of these letters I have in my possession, and they show on every page careful and conscientious research. These researches and the conclusions arrived at by Mr. Chauncey and Mr. Jones, I have taken much pains to verify, and with complete success in all cases where the books within my reach (on my own shelves or in the libraries of Boston) have furnished me the materials for investigation. In fact I have established, quite independently of Chauncey, Jones, and Walworth, and by means of books now in my possession, every step of the long pedigree of Mabel Harlakenden *except one*, viz., Catherine Fienes, the connecting link between Mary Loudenoys and Thomas Fienes, Lord Dacre of the south, and his wife Ann Bourchier. Even for this link, I have before me a manuscript copy of an old pedigree, given in due form with the several coats of arms, and bearing on the corner this attestation: "Traced from a MS. copy of an ancient Visitation of Co. Sussex now in the hands of M. A. Lower, M.A. F.S.A., Lewes, 28 May, 1858." According to this document "Kathern Fienes, dau. of y^e Lord Dacres of y^e South, married Richard Loudenoys and was the mother of Mary dau. and heir of Richard Loudenoys of Bread." I know of no reason why this pedigree should not be accepted as authentic and authoritative, thus confirming the conclusions of Chauncey, Jones, and Walworth.

The authorities for the ancestry of Mary Ann Taylor, my mother, are: Rev. Emerson Davis, D.D., of Westfield, in Gen. Register, II. 395; Savage, and a lithographed chart prepared from notes of Hon. Henry Wyllys Taylor, of Canandaigua, N. Y., giving the descendants and progenitors of Rev. John Taylor, my great uncle and brother of Col. James Taylor, my grandfather. Either of these three authorities

(Davis, Savage, and Judge Taylor) is sufficient to show our descent from Rev. Edward Taylor, the first minister of Westfield, Mass.

The genealogy of Mary Ann Moseley, my mother's mother, I have worked out, little by little, from scattered authorities, till the results are very full and satisfactory. It will be seen that her lineage is traced back to no less than twelve of the founders of New England, that is, men of the first generation. I have received help from Savage, from Stiles's Windsor, from Abbot's Genealogy of the Abbot Family, but most of all from a letter I received from Rev. Henry Jones. Mr. J. says:—

“ I delayed writing because I could not make out from any memoranda of mine, who was the Mary Ann Moseley that married James Taylor in 1771. I have it now from my friend Dr. Emerson Davis, of Westfield, Mass., whom I consulted on the occasion, as perfect in the Westfield records; * * * John Maudsly or Moseley, of Windsor and afterwards of Westfield, Mass., married Mary, daughter of Benjamin Newberry, and had, as I have it from personal inspection of the records of both towns:—

Born in Windsor.	{	1. Benjamin,	b. 13 Oct., 1666.	
		2. Margaret,	b. 4 Feb., 1668; d. 30 Oct. 1673.	[13 Sept. 1696,
		3. Joseph,	b. 21 Dec., 1670; d.	m. Abigail, dau. of John Root,
		4. Mary,	b. 1 May, 1673.	[1709.
		5. Consider,	b. 21 Nov., 1675; d. 1755.	m. Elizabeth Bancroft, 7 July,
Born in Westfield.	{	6. John,	b. 21 Aug., 1678; d. 5 Aug., 1753.	
		7. Comfort,	b. 3 Dec., 1680; d. 18 Aug., 1711.	
		8. Margaret,	b. 22 May, 1683.	
		9. Elizabeth,	b. 17 Nov., 1685.	
		10. Hannah,	b. 3 April, 1690; d. 3 Sept., 1708.	

Consider Moseley and Elizabeth Bancroft, m. 7 July, 1709, had (as I learn from Dr. Davis):—

1. Rhoda, b. 25 April, 1710; m. Nathaniel Wells.
2. Israel, b. 15 Aug., 1711.
3. Daniel, b. } m. Ann Abbot, 1744.
4. Elizabeth, b. } 29 March, 1714. }
5. Lydia, b. 9 Feb., 1716; m. Israel Dewey, 1734.
6. Ruth, b. 17 Oct., 1719; m. Thomas Root.
7. Mary, b. 5 Jan., 1722; m. Aaron King.

Daniel Moseley and Ann Abbot, of Windsor, m. 1774, had (according to Dr. Davis):—

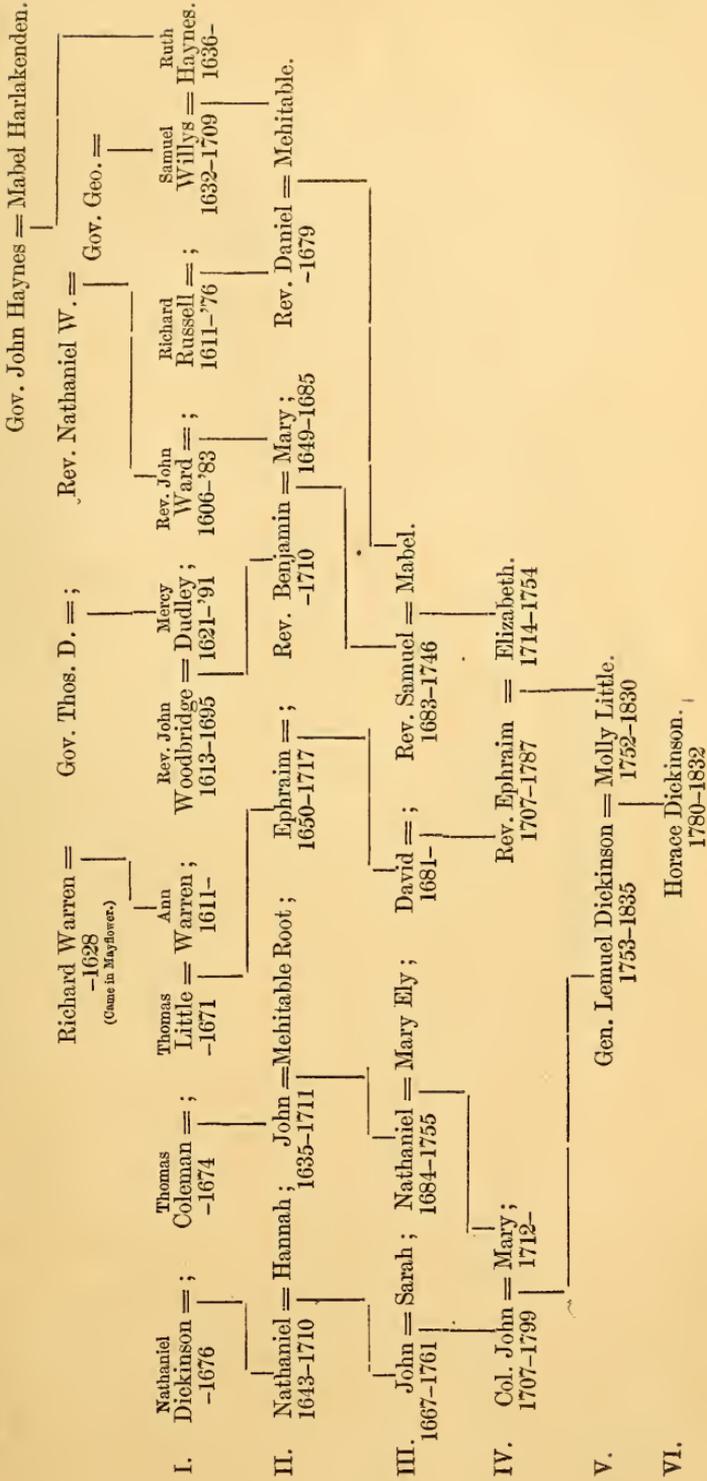
1. Abigail, b. 1745; m. Enoch Holcomb, 1775.
2. Josiah, b. 1748; m. Abigail Holt, of Wallingford, 1772.
3. Pliny, b. 1750; m. Abigail Chapin, 1782.
4. Mary Ann, b. 1752; m. James Taylor, 1771.
5. Triphena, b. 1755; m. Joseph Root, 1775.
6. Lydia, b. 1757; d. 1783; m. Stephen Lee, 1776.
7. Esther, b. 1761; m. Ephraim Stiles, 1787.
8. Eliza, b. 1765.

The genealogy of the Bigelow family is given in Bond's Watertown, 35, 36, and 37, and need not be reprinted here.

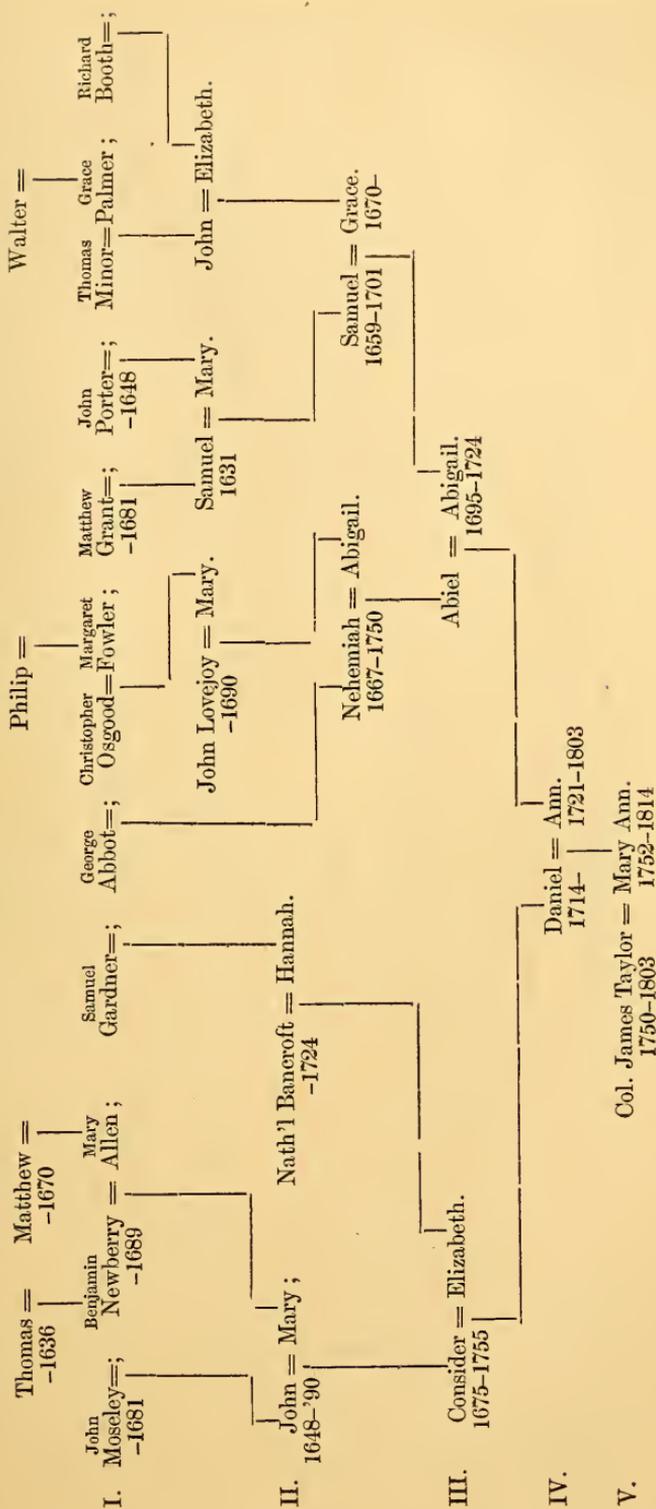
As a convenient condensation of the essential facts in the Dickinson-Taylor genealogy, I now give three tabular pedigrees:

- I. The Pedigree of Horace Dickinson.
- II. Pedigree of Col. James Taylor.
- III. Pedigree of Mary Ann Moseley, wife of J. Taylor.

I. PEDIGREE OF HORACE DICKINSON.



III. PEDIGREE OF MARY ANN MOSELEY.



From Pedigree No. I. it appears that the lineage of Horace Dickinson, of Montreal, is traced back to ten different persons (females not included), who came from England and were among the founders of New England, viz. :—

1. Dea. Nathaniel Dickinson, progenitor of most of the Dickinsons of New England and of a large portion of those of other parts of America. His name first appears on the records of Wethersfield in 1637, where he was town clerk 1645, representative 1646–56, removed 1659 to Hadley with all his children, nine sons and one daughter. In Hadley he was deacon, first recorder, and selectman. He lived a few years in Hatfield, where several of his children lived, but died in Hadley June 16, 1676. The names of his children, with the dates of births, marriages and deaths, are given in Savage, and Boltwood. See also Goodwin's Foote Family, 270, note.
2. Thomas Coleman, of Wethersfield, and then of Hadley, where he died 1674, "leaving good estate to 2 sons and 3 daughters."
3. Thomas Little, of Plymouth, d. 1671, "probably a lawyer."
4. Richard Warren, came from London in the Mayflower, leaving his wife Elizabeth and 5 daughters to come after, which they did in the 3d ship, 1623.
5. Rev. John Woodbridge, first minister of Andover, son of Rev. John W., of Stanton, Wiltshire.
6. Thomas Dudley, Governor of Massachusetts.
7. Rev. Nathaniel Ward, a distinguished wit and legislator, author of "Simple Cobbler of Agawam," and of Massachusetts "Body of Liberties."
8. Richard Russell, came from Hertfordshire to Charlestown 1640, Treasurer of Massachusetts—"a great and good man."
9. George Wylls, Governor of Connecticut.
10. John Haynes, of Copford Hall, Essex, Gov. of Mass. and Conn., married Mabel Harlakenden as his second wife.

The pedigree of Mary Ann Taylor, wife of H. D., is traced to twenty of the N. E. founders, two of whom (Wylls and Haynes) are the same as above.

1. Rev. Edw. Taylor, b. 1642, at Sketchley, Leicestershire, came over 1668, H. C. 1671, first minister of Westfield, Mass. His second wife, to whom he was married 1692, was Ruth Wylls, daughter of Ruth Haynes, and granddaughter of Mabel Harlakenden. From Mehitable Wylls, sister of Ruth, was descended Horace Dickinson, of Montreal, also the Rev. Geo. W. Perkins, of Montreal, Meriden, and Chicago. President Stiles, of Yale College, was grandson of Ruth Wylls and Rev. Edward Taylor.
2. Governor George Wylls, from Fenny Compton, Warwickshire, came over 1638. Before the house of Samuel, his son, stood the famous Charter Oak.
3. Governor John Haynes, as above.
4. Robert Day, came in the Elizabeth 1634, b. 1605, d. 1648.
5. Lieut. Thomas Cooper, of Springfield, was killed by the Indians, 1675, æ. 59.
6. Lieut. Samuel Smith, Wethersfield, came in the Elizabeth 1634, removed 1659 to Hadley, "where he was in very high repute." He was the progenitor of Oliver Smith, of Hatfield.

7. William Partridge, of Hartford and Hadley. Tradition says he came from Berwick-on-Tweed. Perhaps not.
8. John Moseley (Maudsley), Dorchester, father of Capt. John Moseley, of Windsor, who also owned a house in Westfield. See Hist. of Dorchester, 129.
9. Thomas Newberry, Dorchester, was engaged to go with Warham to plant Windsor, but died before the migration, leaving a large estate. See Hist. of Dorchester, 69.
10. Matthew Allyn, Cambridge, Hartford, and then of Windsor, of which he was one of the chief men.
11. Samuel Gardner, Hartford or Wethersfield 1661, removed 1663 to Hadley, where he died 1696, æ. 81.
12. George Abbot, of Rowley; his son was George A., of Andover.
13. John Lovejoy, Andover.
14. Christopher Osgood, Ipswich, came in the Mary and John, 1634.
15. Philip Fowler, Ipswich, came in the Mary and John, 1634.
16. Matthew Grant, Dorchester, then of Windsor, where he "was many years its faithful town-clerk."
17. John Porter, one of the early settlers of Windsor. See Goodwin's Notes, 170. Also Colonial Records of Conn., i. 475. Stiles does not mention his daughter Mary.
18. Thomas Minor, Charlestown 1632, New London, "a very valuable man."
19. Walter Palmer, Charlestown 1629, Rehoboth, Stonington.
20. Richard Booth, Stratford 1640, selectman 1669, "in 1687 testified that he was 80 years old."

GENEALOGY OF THE PARTRIDGES

OF HATFIELD.

1. Partridge, William, came from Berwick-upon-Tweed—was an early settler of Hartford, Ct., whence he removed to Hadley, Ms., where he died June 27th, 1668. He m. Dec. 12th, 1644, Mary Smith, of Hartford, who died July 20th, 1680, aged 55. Children : Samuel, b. Oct. 15, 1645 ; and Mary, m. 1, John ; s. of Lieut. Samuel Smith, Nov. 12, 1663 ; 2, Peter Montague, Sept., 1679.
2. Col. Samuel, s. of William (1), was Representative 1685 and 1686, Colonel of the Regiment, Judge of Probate, one of his Majesty's Council, and the most important man, after the death of Col. Pynchon, 1703, in the western part of the Province. He removed to Hatfield in 1687, where he died Dec. 25, 1740, æ. 95. He m. 1, Sept. 24, 1668, Mehitable, dau. of John Crow ; 2, Dec. 28, 1731, Mrs. Hannah Edwards. Children : William, b. Nov. 16, 1669, grad. H. C. 1689 ; a preacher ; d. in Wallingford, Ct., Sept., 1693. Samuel, b. Jan. 21, 1672. Mehitable, b. May 1, 1674, d. May 16, 1674. Mehitable, b. Aug. 26, 1675 ; m. Dec. 9, 1693, Nathaniel Dwight. Child b. 1677, d. young. Mary, b. 1678 ; m. Dec. 4, 1695, Josiah Dwight. Jonathan, b. April 5, 1681, d. Sept. 11, 1684. Edward, b. April 26, 1683. Jonathan, b. Sept. 18, 1685, d. Jan. 24, 1686. John, b. 1686, grad. H. C. 1705, and d. in Springfield in 1717. Elizabeth, b. Oct. 7, 1688 ; m. 1, May 9, 1709, John Hamlin, Jr. ; 2, — Hamlin ; 3, — Johnson, of Woodstock, Ct. ; 4, — Payson, of Middletown, Ct.
3. Samuel, s. of Col. Samuel (2), resided in Hadley, d. about 1735. He m. Mrs. Maria Atwater, daughter of Rev. Seaborn Cotton, granddaughter of Rev. John Cotton, and great granddaughter of Gov. Thomas Dudley, May 2, 1695. She was born 1670, and d. June 23, 1729, æ. 59. Children : William, b. Jan. 9, 1696, d. March 16, 1698. Samuel, b. June 1, 1696. Mary, b. June 15, 1698, m. Isaac Mattoon, of Northfield. Elizabeth, b. Sept. 22, 1701, m. Ezekiel Kellogg, of New Salem. Dorothy, b. March 2, 1703, d. March, 1703. Cotton, b. Oct. 13, 1705. Mehitable, b. Oct. 8, 1707, m. Thomas Barnard, of Tolland, Ct. William, b. Sept. 15, 1710 ; was Secretary of State in Nova Scotia.

4. Edward, s. of Col. Samuel (2), resided in Hatfield, where he d. Dec. 26, 1757, æ. 74. He m. May 14, 1707, Martha, dau. of Rev. William Williams. Children: Elizabeth, b. Oct. 14, 1708. Martha, b. Oct. 9, 1710. Oliver, b. June 13, 1712.
5. Cotton, s. of Samuel (3), d. Sept. 28, 1733, æ. 27, resided in Hadley. He m. Margaret Cook, daughter of Moses Cook. Their children were, Samuel, b. July 3, 1730, and Sybil, b. Oct. 7, 1732, m. Josiah Dickinson.
6. Oliver, s. of Edward (4), resided in Hatfield, d. July 21, 1792, æ. 80. He m. Anna, daughter of William Williams, of Weston, who died Dec. 21, 1802, æ. 85. Children: William, b. Aug. 15, 1735, d. Aug. 30, 1735. ✓ Anna, b. July 27, 1736, m. a Mr. Bull. 3 Oliver, b. Aug. 19, 1738, d. Sept. 9, 1738. ✓ Martha, b. Nov. 8, 1739. ✓ Mercy, b. Feb. 15, 1742. ✓ Elizabeth, born March 15, 1744. ✓ Sophia, b. Aug. 3, 1746. ✓ Samuel, b. Sept. 5, 1748. Oliver, b. April 15, 1751, was unmarried, and a physician in Stockbridge, Mass. ✓ William, b. April 30, 1753, resided in Pittsfield, Mass. ✓ John, b. May 1, 1755, resided in Dalton, Mass. ✓ Pamela, b. Sept. 21, 1757, d. Jan. 10, 1759. ✓ Pamela, b. Jan. 15, 1761.
7. Samuel, s. of Cotton (5), Hatfield, m. Jan. 18, 1754, Abigail Dwight. Children: Esther, b. March 26, 1761, m. John Allis, of Hatfield, and d. Dec. 22, 1834. Cotton, b. Dec. 1, 1765. Samuel, b. 1767, d. young. Samuel again, b. 1776, d. 1856.
8. Cotton, s. of Samuel (7), resided in Hatfield, m. 1, May 4, 1788, Sophia, daughter of Dea. ——— Arms, of Deerfield; 2, Hannah, daughter of Rev. Dr. Joseph Lyman, June 23, 1796, and d. Nov. 13, 1846, æ. 80. His wife Sophia d. June 29, 1793, and Hannah d. May 10, 1835. Children: Dwight, b. May 30, 1789. Theodore, b. Oct. 26, 1791. Sophia Arms, b. May 7, 1798, m. Moses Morton, of Hatfield, and d. March 5, 1863. Eunice, b. June 16, 1800, m. June 19, 1823, Horace Janes, Esq., of St. Albans, Vt. Hannah Huntington, b. March 8, 1802; m. 1, David S. Whitney, of Northampton, August 4, 1834; 2, May 26, 1857, Joseph H. Brainerd, of St. Albans, Vt., and d. Nov. 18, 1857. Joseph Lyman, b. June 7, 1804. Abigail Dwight, b. April 25, 1806, m. 1, August, 1835, Rev. Levi Pratt, of Medford, Mass.; 2, Feb. 28, 1839, Lebbeus B. Ward, of New York City, and d. Nov. 25, 1845. Maria Cotton, b. Nov. 28, 1808. Fanny, b. March 22, 1811, m. May, 1839, Joseph H. Brainerd, of St. Albans, and d. May 10, 1848. Their son Joseph, of the 1st Vermont Cavalry, died in prison at Andersonville, Ga., in Sept., 1864, a victim of rebel cruelty. George Cotton, b. Aug. 27, 1813. Harriet, b. Nov. 17, 1815, m. June 4, 1836, Albert Woodruff, of New York city. Henry Dwight, b. Oct. 5, 1818, d. Nov. 24, 1822.
9. Samuel, son of Samuel (7), resided in Hatfield, m. Sept. 8, 1796, Mabel, daughter of Gen. Lemuel Dickinson, and d. March 11, 1856, æ. 80. His wife d. Nov. 4, 1841, æ. 65. Children: Hepsy Dickinson, b. 1797, m. Feb., 1816, Israel Billings, Esq., of Hatfield. Samuel Dwight, b. Oct. 15, 1806.
10. Samuel, s. of Oliver (6), resided in Hatfield, m. 1, Feb. 21, 1792, Caroline Adams, of West Springfield, who d. Jan., 1798; 2, Lois

Warriner, of Long Meadow. Children: Clarissa, b. 1793, m. Sewall Sergeant, of Stockbridge. Caroline, b. July 31, 1795, m. Harvey Ely, of Rochester, N. Y.

11. William, s. of Oliver (6), resided in Pittsfield. Children: William, resides at Onondaga Hill, N. Y. Oliver, in Attica, N. Y. Edward died a Mormon. Samuel resides in Bedford, Mich. John, in Pittsfield. Cotton Mather, in Pecatonica, Ill. George Washington, in Cuba, N. Y. James Harvey, a teacher, in New York city. Emily, m. Rev. Mr. Dows, Rockford, Ill. Mercy, m. Rev. Mr. Whitney, Missionary to the Sandwich Islands. Maria, m. in Lec, Mass. Pamela, d. unmarried.
12. John, s. of Oliver (6), resided in Dalton, Mass. Children: Electa, m. Theodore Partridge. Harriet, m. — Babbett, of North Carolina.
13. Dwight, s. of Cotton (8), m. Betsey Sabin, and d. in Phelps, N. Y., Nov. 13, 1817. Children: Sarah, Jonathan, Alfred H., Edward and Dwight.
14. Theodore, s. of Cotton (8), m. Electa, dau. of John Partridge (12), d. in Raleigh, N. C., July 4, 1848. Children: Sophia, residing in Raleigh. John Cotton, in Chicago. Caroline, m. Mr. Jordan, of Raleigh, but now of Illinois. Martha died unmarried.
15. Joseph Lyman, s. of Cotton (8), graduated at Williams College 1828, m. Zibeah N. Willson, daughter of Rev. Luther Willson, of Petersham, Mass., Aug. 9, 1837, resides in Lawrence, Mass. Children: John Nelson, b. Sept. 28, 1833, served three years in the U. S. army as Lieut. and Capt. in 24th Mass. Volunteers. Joseph Lyman, born March 11, 1845, d. Sept. 23, 1849. Edward Lasell, b. Sept. 27, 1853.
16. George Cotton, s. of Cotton (8), graduated at Amherst College, studied Theology at Andover, m. Sophia H. Johns, daughter of Rev. Evan Johns, of Canandaigua, N. Y., settled in the ministry at Batavia, Ill. Children: Fanny, Eliza, Jackson and George.
17. Samuel Dwight, s. of Samuel (9), graduated at Amherst College in 1827, m. Lucretia A. Warner, of Hatfield, daughter of Zenas Warner, Sept. 8, 1834. Children: Mary Ann Ward, b. Aug. 9, 1835, m. Peter M. Myers, of New York city, April 28, 1858. Harriet Homes, b. Nov. 19, 1837, m. April 28, 1858, Henry I. Bliss, of La Crosse, Wisconsin. Henrietta Strong, b. Aug. 11, 1839, d. Aug. 17, 1839. Samuel, b. Nov. 9, 1844. John Cotton, b. May 11, 1846, d. Oct. 21, 1846.
18. Alfred H., s. of Dwight (13), m. — Dominich, of New York, is a clergyman of the Episcopal Church in Brooklyn, N. Y. Their children, Blanche and Alfred.

NOTE.—Should any one, into whose hands this may fall, be disposed to prepare a full genealogy of either of these three families, I shall be happy to furnish any information in my possession concerning the Dickinsons or the Lymans, and Mr. Partridge will doubtless furnish information concerning the Partridges.

J. T. D.









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